1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
22.	Chandigarh	10	5.75	9	127.99	0	0.00	19	133.74
23.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
24.	Delhi	328	1,63.36	213	1,063.52	71	740.99	612	2,967.87
25.	Goa	39	19.13	39	9.07	3	39.4	81	67.61
26.	Pondicherry	8	42.61	2	0.12	0	0.00	10	42.73
27.	Daman & Diu	3	0.24	2	5.43	0	0.00	5	5.67
28.	State Not Indicated	82	353.73	84	576.27	79	1.750.98	245	2,680.98
	GRAND TOTAL	1628	6,223.52	1159	8,727.71	425	8,591.00	3212	23,542.23

FDI in India *vis-a-vis* China, Russia and Brazil

715. MS. MABEL REBELLO: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) how does the present level of FDI in the country compare with other countries like China, Russia and Brazil;

(b) what are the reasons for the difference; and

(c) what steps Government propose to take to attract more FDI?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR): (a) to (c) As per the World Investment Report 2005 published by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the FDI inflows in 2004 into China totalled 60,630 million, in Russian Federation these aggregated $ 11,672 million, Brazil attracted $ 18,166 million while India received $ 5,335 million. FDI inflows depend on various factors both external and internal. Besides the macro-economic environment in the host economy, global economic environment, corporate strategy of the transnational corporations, and economic situation in other FDI destinations play a major role. To attract more FDI into the Country the Government has put in place a liberal and investor friendly policy on Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) under which FDI up to 100% is permitted on the automatic route in most sectors/ activities. Besides a liberal policy, the Government is also reaching out through promotional

events, to the larger business, corporate and investor community of various countries which offer potential for attracting investments.

Export of tea, pepper and cardamom

716. SHRI TARINI KANTA ROY: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 870 given in the Rajya Sabha on 2nd August, 2006 and state:

(a) the details of development schemes undertaken for increasing productivity and for export of tea, pepper and cardamom;

(b) the quantum of processed food products exported during the last three years; and

(c) whether it is a fact that in roads of processed food product in domestic market have posed threat to Indian companies?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH): (a) The following development schemes were implemented in Tenth plan for increasing productivity and exports of Tea, Pepper and Cardamom:

TEA

1. Tea Plantation Development Scheme.
2. Quality Upgradation and Product Diversification Scheme.
3. Market Promotion Scheme.
4. Research and Development Scheme.
5. Human Resource Development Scheme.

PEPPER

1. Construction of drying yard (msq.)
2. Supply of ploythene sheets (nos.)
3. Supply of pepper treshers (nos.)
4. Supply of Bamboo mats (nos.)